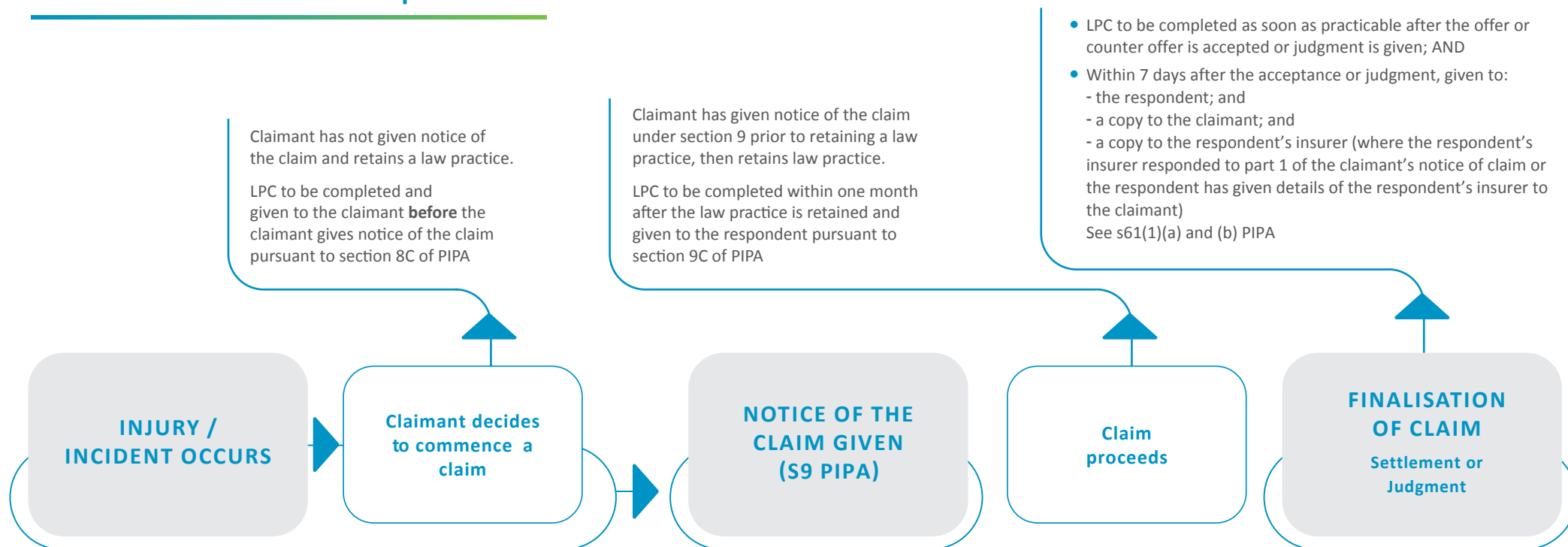


Law Practice Certificate Requirements



Sale of law practice

Law practice sells all or part of the business to another law practice and claimant is to be referred to the new practice but has not (or will not) have given notice of the claim under section 9 prior to referral occurring.
LPC to be completed before the referral occurs, and must be given to the new practice and a copy given to the claimant
See s8F PIPA

Where notice of claim does not comply

Where a claimant gives notice of claim that does not comply with section 9(2)(c)(i) and the respondent waives compliance with the requirements under division 1AA for giving notice of the claim, or is presumed to be satisfied notice has been given as required under Division 1AA.

s13A(3) and (4): If the law practice did not give the claimant a LPC for the claim under 8C and the claimant has not subsequently given the respondent a LPC for the claim.

Within 1 month after the claimant is notified of the waiver or the presumption takes effect, a LPC must be completed and given to the respondent, and a copy given to the claimant, and the respondent's insurer (where the respondent's insurer responded to part 1 of the claimant's notice of claim).

s13A(2): If the supervising principal gave the claimant a LPC but the claimant has not given a certificate to the respondent, a copy of the certificate must be given as soon as practicable to the respondent and if the respondent's insurer has responded to part one of the claimant's notice of claim—the respondent's insurer.